Apparent ?

Imazing

HERBICIDE

ACTIVE CONSTITUENTS:

33g/L IMAZAMOX present as the ammonium salt 15g/L IMAZAPYR present as the ammonium salt

GROUP B HERBICIDE

For the early post-emergence control of certain annual grass and broadleaf weeds in imidazolinone-tolerant wheat, imidazolinonetolerant barley, imidazolinone-tolerant canola, as specified in the DIRECTIONS FOR USE section of this label

IMPORTANT: Read this booklet before use.

AIRR APPARENT PTY LTD

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DIRECTIONS FOR USE RESTRAINTS

Apply ONLY to certified imidazolinone-tolerant wheat, imidazolinone-tolerant barley and imidazolinone-tolerant canola varieties with the imidazolinone-tolerance technology, excluding varieties CL STL and CL JNZ. DO NOT apply to conventional or other herbicide tolerant canola, wheat, and barley varieties.

DO NOT apply to crops that are stressed due to conditions such as waterlogging, too little moisture, frost, disease or nutritional disorders.

DO NOT apply by aircraft.

DO NOT apply if rain is expected within 2 hours of application. DO NOT apply more than once per season to any one crop.

DO NOT use in Imidazolinone-tolerant wheat crops in tank mix or sequentially with diuron, sulfonylureas, or sulfonamides.

SPRAY DRIFT RESTRAINTS:

DO NOT apply with spray droplets smaller than a MEDIUM spray droplet size category according to nozzle manufacturer specifications that refer to the ASAE S572 Standard or the BCPC Guideline.

DO NOT apply when wind speed is less than 3 or more than 20 kilometres per hour as measured at the application site. DO NOT apply during surface temperature inversion conditions at the application site. Users of this product MUST make an accurate written record of the details of each spray application within 24

hours following application and KEEP this record for a minimum of 2 years. The spray application details that must be recorded are:

- 1. date with start and finish times of application;
- 2. location address and paddock/s sprayed;
- 3. full name of this product;
- 4. amount of product used per hectare and number of hectares applied to;
- 5. crop/situation and weed/pest;
- 6. wind speed and direction during application;
- 7. air temperature and relative humidity during application;
- 8. nozzle brand, type, spray angle, nozzle capacity and spray system pressure measured during application;
- 9. name and address of person applying this product. (Additional record details may be required by the state or territory where this product is used.)

MANDATORY NO-SPRAY ZONES

DO NOT apply if there are aquatic or wetland areas including aquacultural ponds within 50 metres downwind from the application area.

DO NOT apply if there are non-target vegetation or animal habitat within 5 metres downwind from the application area.

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Crop	Weeds controlled	Rate
lmidazolinone-	Brome (Bromus diandrus and B. rigidus)	375 to 750mL/ha plus
tolerant wheat	Barley (Hordeum vulgare)	Hasten™ or Kwickin™ at
DO NOT use on CL	Barley grass (Hordeum leporinum)	0.5L/100L spray volume
STL and CL JNZ wheat	Indian hedge mustard (Sisymbrium orientale)	
varieties.	Muskweed (<i>Myagrum perfoliatum</i>)	
lmidazolinone-	Oat (Avena sativa)	
tolerant barley	Triticale (<i>Triticosecale</i> spp)	
	Wheat (<i>Triticum aestivum</i>) -non imidazolinone-	
	tolerant varieties	
	Wild oat (Avena fatua)	
	Wild radish (Raphanus raphanistrum)	
	Wild turnip (<i>Brassica tournefortii</i>)	
	Annual ryegrass (<i>Lolium rigidum</i>),	600 to 750 mL/ha
	Dense flower fumitory (Fumaria densiflora)	plus
	Marshmallow (<i>Malva parviflora</i>)	Hasten™1
	Sub clover (Trifolium subterraneum)	or
	Suppression only:	Kwickin™ ²
	Bedstraw spp. (Galium tricornutum and G.aparine)	at 0.5L/100L spray volume
	Doublegee (Emex australis)	
0 1 11 11	Silver grasses (Vulpia bromoides and V. myuros)	0001 500 1 // 1
Canola varieties with	Indian hedge mustard (Sisymbrium orientale)	300 to 500mL/ha plus
Imidazolinone-tolerance	Muskweed (<i>Myagrum perfoliatum</i>)	Hasten™¹
technology only	Wild radish (<i>Raphanus raphanistrum</i>)	Or Kwickin™2 at 0.5L/100L
	Wild turnip (Brassica toumefortii)	spray volume

Critical Comments

NOT for use on Imidazolinone-tolerant wheat varieties CL STL and CL JNZ.

Apply to Imidazolinone-tolerant wheat crops from the 3 leaf stage to 1st node stage (Z31). Apply to Imidazolinone-tolerant barley crops from the 5 leaf stage to 1st node stage(Z31).

DO NOT apply to Imidazolinone-tolerant wheat or Imidazolinone-tolerant barley after the 1st node stage (Z31). Applications should be targeted at grass weeds when the majority are in the 2-4 leaf stage and only when within the recommended crop stages. Application to multi-tillered crops may impair weed control because of poor contact and coverage of weeds. -see Compatibility. Tank mixes with 750 g/L Clopyralid formulations, eg RAINBOW CLOPYRALID 750 SG HERBICIDE at 60 mL/ha will provide control of composite and legume weeds. Tank mixes with 570 g/L MCPA formulations, eg RAINBOW LVE MCPA 570 HERBICIDE at 500mL/ha will provide control of composite and brassicaceous weeds. The control of brassicaceous weeds will depend on the status of Group B resistance in the population. The addition of MCPA formulation will improve control and provide an additional mode of action for resistance management. If other weeds require control, apply appropriate herbicides at least two weeks before or Apparent Imazing Herbicide and only when signs of regrowth or renewed vigour appear, otherwise the effects of the early treatment may affect the performance of the subsequent treatment.

Weed species will either be controlled or suppressed. In both cases, surviving plants will be stunted and will be uncompetitive with the crop, and seed set will be prevented or greatly reduced.

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The control of annual ryegrass varies from excellent to poor depending on the status of Group B resistance in the population and environmental conditions. Where the population is expected to exceed 200 plants/m², or a high level of control is required, or the ryegrass is known to be resistant or thought to be developing resistance, an application of a suitable pre-emergent should be made prior to sowing. A follow up grass selective herbicide may also be necessary.

Read Follow Crop comments and restrictions on the label prior to use.

Apply to crop at the 2 to 6 leaf stage. DO NOT apply after the 6 leaf stage. Apply to actively growing weeds in the 3-leaf to 2-tiller stage and broadleaf weeds in the 2 to 6 leaf stage.

Use the higher rate when weed numbers are high or towards the upper end of the recommended growth stages, or when the crop is at the 5 to 6 leaf stage to ensure better contact and coverage.

If other weeds require control, apply appropriate herbicides at least two weeks after Apparent Imazing Herbicide and only when signs of regrowth or renewed vigour appear, or the effects of Apparent Imazing Herbicide may affect their performance.

Crop	Weeds controlled	Rate
Canola varieties with	As above plus:	300 to 500 mL/ha plus
Imidazolinone-tolerance	Capeweed (Arctotheca calendula),	Lontrel™ ⁵
technology only (cont)	Field pea (<i>Pisum sativum</i>),	Advanced Herbicide at 75
	Narrow leaf lupin (Lupinus angustifolius),	to 150 mL/ha plus Hasten
	Sub clover (<i>Trifolium subterraneum</i>)	or Kwickin at 0.5L/100L
		spray volume
	Non-Imidazolinone-tolerant Barley (<i>Hordeum</i>	600 to 750 mL/ha plus
	vulgare),	Hasten or Kwickin at
	Barley grass (Hordeum leporinum),	0.5L/100L spray volume
	Great brome (<i>Bromus diandrus</i>),	
	Indian hedge mustard (Sisymbrium orientale),	
	Oats (Avena sativa),	
	Rigid brome (<i>Bromus rigidus</i>),	
	Marshmallow (<i>Malva parviflora</i>),	
	Sub clover (<i>Trifolium subterraneum</i>),	
	Non-Imidazolinone-tolerant wheat (<i>Triticum aestivum</i>),	
	Wild oat (Avena fatua),	
	Wild radish (Raphanus raphanistrum),	
	Wild turnip (<i>Brassica toumeforti</i> i) Suppression only:	
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	Annual ryegrass ³ (Lolium rigidum),	
	Bedstraw spp. (Galium tricornutum and G. aparine), Doublegee (Emex australis),	
	Silver grasses (Vulpia bromoides and B. myuros)	
	As above plus capeweed (<i>Arctotheca calendula</i>),	600 to 750 mL/ha plus
	Field pea (<i>Pisum sativum</i>),	Lontrel ^{TM5} Advanced
	Narrow leaf lupin (<i>Lupinus angustifolius</i>),	Herbicide at 75 to 150 mL
	Lapinae angaemenae),	ha plus Hasten or Kwickin
		at 0.5L/100L spray volume

Critical Comments

Refer to critical comments for 300 to 500 mL/ha alone.

Lontrel^{TM5} Advanced Herbicide aids in the control of legume and composite weed species. Refer to the

Lontrel™ Advanced Herbicide label. Use rates above 75 mL/ha when these weeds are primary weeds in the paddock and when required by their growth stage. Lontrel™ Advanced Herbicide above 75 mL/ha can slightly impair grass control. The addition of Lontrel™

Advanced Herbicide does not affect the control of wild radish and wild turnip. (Refer to the Compatibility section of this label and the Lontrel^{TM5} Advanced Herbicide label for further details of use).

Apply to crop at the 2 to 6 leaf stage. DO NOT apply after the 6 leaf stage.

Apply to actively growing grass weeds in the 3-leaf to 2-tiller stage and broadleaf weeds in the 2 to 6 leaf stage. Use the higher rate when weed numbers are high or towards the upper end of the recommended growth stages, or when the crop is at the 5 to 6 leaf stage, to ensure better contact and coverage.

Weeds will either be killed in high numbers (weeds controlled) or in moderate numbers (weeds suppressed). In both cases, surviving plants will be stunted and will be uncompetitive with the crop, and seed set will be prevented or greatly reduced.

If other weed species require control, apply appropriate herbicides at least two weeks after Apparent Imazing Herbicide and only when signs of regrowth or renewed vigour appear or the effects of Apparent Imazing Herbicide may affect their performance.

3 The control of annual ryegrass varies from excellent to poor depending on the status of Group B resistance in the population and environmental conditions. Where the population is expected to exceed 200 plants per som, or a high level of control is required, or the rvegrass is known to be resistant or thought to be developing resistance, an application of a pre-emergent herbicide should be made prior to sowing. A tank mix with a grass selective herbicide may also be necessary.

Refer to critical comments for 600 to 750 mL/ha alone. DO NOT apply after the 6 leaf stage.

Lontrel^{TM5} Advanced Herbicide aids in the control of legume and composite weed species. Refer to the Lontrel™ Advanced Herbicide label. Use rates above 75 mL/ha when these weeds are primary weeds in the

paddock and when required by their growth stage. Lontrel™ Advanced Herbicide above 75 mL/ha can slightly impair grass control. The addition of Lontrel™ Advanced Herbicide does not affect the control of other weeds controlled by Apparent Imazing Herbicide.

(Refer to the Compatibility section of this label and the Lontrel^{TM5} Advanced Herbicide label for further details of use)

NOT TO BE USED FOR ANY PURPOSE, OR IN ANY MANNER, CONTRARY TO THIS LABEL UNLESS
AUTHORISED UNDER APPROPRIATE LEGISLATION

AUTHORISED UNDER APPROPRIATE LEGISLATION
WITHHOLDING PERIODS:

GRAZING

IMIDAZOLINONE-TOLERANT WHEAT AND IMIDAZOLINONE-TOLERANT BARLEY: DO NOT GRAZE OR CUT FOR STOCK FOOD FOR 4 WEEKS AFTER APPLICATION.

IMIDAZOLINONE-TOLERANT CANOLA: DO NOT GRAZE OR CUT FOR STOCK FOOD FOR 5 WEEKS AFTER APPLICATION.

HARVEST

ALL CROPS: NOT REQUIRED WHEN USED AS DIRECTED.

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

Apparent Imazing Herbicide is for use in Imidazolinone-tolerant wheat, Imidazolinone-tolerant barley, and Imidazolinone-tolerant canola. Varieties with Imidazolinone-tolerance technology are those that have been bred specifically to be tolerant to Apparent Imazing Herbicide.

Apparent Imazing Herbicide is absorbed through the leaves, green stems and roots of susceptible weeds and moved from the point of contact throughout the plant. Weeds will either die or will remain stunted and will not compete with the crop. Symptoms of kill may take one to two weeks to develop with death occurring up to one month from treatment. Symptoms first appear at the growth points where young foliage becomes discoloured and distorted before dying. Apparent Imazing Herbicide is primarily a post-emergence product. Best results will be achieved when good contact and coverage of weeds occurs and weeds are actively growing. The product must be mixed with Hasten or Kwickin as per the Directions for Use.

Apparent Imazing Herbicide also has some residual soil activity under good soil moisture conditions. Residual effects on weeds can be reduced when dry soil conditions follow application before the herbicide has moved to the root zone. Best results will be achieved when application is made to moist soil or if approximately 10 mm rain follows within several days of application.

Vigorous crop growth will assist in suppressing weeds not completely killed and those germinating later.

MIXING

Apparent Imazing Herbicide is a water-soluble liquid (SL) formulation. Pour the required amount of the product into a spray tank containing almost the total amount of water required. Mix thoroughly. If Apparent Imazing Herbicide is added during filling, foaming may occur. If excessive foaming becomes a problem, add a silicone based antifoaming agent at the manufacturers recommended rate. Do NOT use a suction probe unless the antifoaming agent has already been added to the spray tank water. Consult your distributor for specific information on suitable antifoaming agents.

When tank mixing this product with other recommended compatible products, first add the other product(s) to the tank and mix thoroughly before adding Apparent Imazing Herbicide.

Apparent Imazing Herbicide may be applied in hard or soft water.

The product is corrosive to mild steel. Use ONLY stainless steel, fibreglass, plastic or plastic-lined containers for mixing, storage and application.

APPLICATION

DO NOT apply by aircraft

Apply in minimum 70L water per hectare. When the crop is very leafy or when the total weed population exceeds 200 plants/m², apply in a minimum of 100L water per hectare to improve contact and coverage. Apparent Imazing Herbicide should be applied a minimum of two hours before rainfall or irrigation. If tank-mixed with other products, follow recommendations for the mixing partner should these extend beyond two hours.

EQUIPMENT CLEAN-UP

Thoroughly flush all spray equipment with water following the use of Apparent Imazing Herbicide and before use with other products. If tank-mixed with other products, also follow clean-up procedures recommended for the mixing partner.

COMPATIBILITY

Apparent Imazing Herbicide is chemically compatible with RAINBOW ALPHA-CYPERMETHRIN 100 INSECT, and RAINBOW OMETHOATE 290 INSECTICIDE. It is also chemically and biologically compatible with RAINBOW CLOPYRALID 750 SG HERBICIDE, RAINBOW LVE MCPA 570 HERBICIDE, RAINBOW MCPA 750 SELECTIVE HERBICIDE, RAINBOW BROMOXYNIL 200 SELECTIVE HERBICIDE, BROPAC HERBICIDE, and RAINBOW TRALKOXYDIM 400 WG HERBICIDE and chemically compatible with RAINBOW CLETHODIM 240 HERBICIDE. DO NOT tank mix with foliar fertilisers.

All tank mixes are chemically stable over a 24-hour period. In the event of delayed spraying, store tank load out of direct sunlight and maintain agitation if possible. Mixes with RAINBOW CLOPYRALID 750 SG HERBICIDE are also biologically stable over a 24-hour delay. Biological stability of other mixes is unknown.

Mixes with LontrelTM5 Advanced Herbicide in Imidazolinone-tolerant wheat and Imidazolinone-tolerant barley

Tank mixes with Lontrel^{™5} Advanced Herbicide at 150mL/ha will provide control of composite and legume weeds. Refer to Lontrel^{™5} Advanced Herbicide label.

Mixes with 570 g/L MCPA formulations, eg RAINBOW LVE MCPA 570 HERBICIDE in Imidazolinone-tolerant wheat and Imidazolinone-tolerant barley

Tank mixes with 570 g/L MCPA formulations, eg RAINBOW LVE MCPA 570 HERBICIDE at 500mL/ha will provide control of composite and brassicaceous weeds. Refer to RAINBOW LVE MCPA 570 HERBICIDE label.

Mixes with LontrelTM5 Advanced Herbicide in Imidazolinone-tolerant canola

Lontrel™ Advanced Herbicide aids in the control of legume and composite weed species, such as Annual Medics (*Medicago* spp), Capeweed (*Arctotheca calendula*), Chickpea (*Cicer arietinum*), Faba bean (*Vicia faba*), Field pea (*Pisum sativum*), Lentil (*Lens culinaris*), Narrow leaf lupin (*Lupinus angustifolius*). Use rates above 150mL/ha when these weeds are primary weeds in the paddock and when required by their growth stage. Lontrel™ Advanced Herbicide above 150mL/ha can slightly impair grass control. For Chickpea, Faba bean, Lentil: If targeting Chickpeas and Lentils up to 6 leaf stage and Faba beans up to 4 leaf stage, use a tank mix of Apparent Imazing Herbicide with 250mL/ha Lontrel™ Advanced Herbicide The addition of Lontrel™ Advanced Herbicide does not affect the control of other weeds controlled by Apparent Imazing Herbicide. Refer to the Lontrel™ Advanced Herbicide label.

BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICE (BMP) PROGRAM

A detailed program has been developed that outlines sound agronomic and integrated weed management practices, designed to optimise the performance of Imidazolinone-tolerance systems and minimise the potential for the development of herbicide resistance in weed populations. Consultation on BMP should be undertaken with an Imidazolinone-tolerant accredited agronomist prior to use of Apparent Imazing Herbicide in the Imidazolinone-tolerance systems for wheat, barley and canola. Implementation of the BMP is an essential part of herbicide resistance management.

CROP SAFETY

This product may, in some circumstances, lead to transient crop yellowing and temporary slowing of growth of Imidazolinone-tolerant wheat, Imidazolinone-tolerant barley and Imidazolinone-tolerant canola but plants soon recover and yield is unaffected. This effect may be more pronounced when the product is used under poor growth conditions. The Imidazolinone-tolerant wheat varieties CL STL and CL JNZ have limited tolerance to Apparent Imazing Herbicide. Application of Apparent Imazing Herbicide to these wheat varieties can cause unacceptable injury especially under cold, wet conditions. Apparent Imazing Herbicide should not be used on these varieties. DO NOT use this product on any canola variety other than certified varieties with Imidazolinone-tolerance technology. Extreme crop damage and/or death will result to conventional and other herbicide tolerant wheat and canola varieties.

FOLLOWING CROPS

This product is broken down in the soil by microbes in wet, aerobic conditions. Under conditions that do not favour breakdown, carry-over soil residues can affect susceptible follow crops. Normally safe residue levels may still affect follow crops when soil nutrition is low or marginal, when cold and very wet soil conditions prevail, or when soil pathogens or nematodes are present. As environmental and agronomic factors make it impossible to eliminate all risks associated with this product, rotational crop injury is always possible.

Note: when the intention is to grow cereals on imidazolinone-tolerant canola stubble (treated with Apparent Imazing Herbicide) self-sown canola volunteers must be removed before they mature beyond 2-leaf, all macro and micro-nutrients must be maintained at levels necessary to grow the planned crops, and sulfonylureas must not be used.

The following minimum re-cropping intervals (months after application) should be observed.

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Months after Application	Follow Crops	
0	Imidazolinone-tolerant wheat, Imidazolinone-tolerant barley,	
	Imidazolinone-tolerant canola	
10	Chickpeas, Faba beans, Field peas, Lucerne, Lupins, Pasture legumes,	
	vetch, Oats*, Triticale*, Non-Imidazolinone-tolerant Barley, Non-	
	Imidazolinone-tolerant Wheat	
34	Conventional and other herbicide tolerant canola, All other crops	

^{*} Non-Imidazolinone-tolerant Barley, Oats, Triticale, Non-Imidazolinone-tolerant Wheat:

The following additional requirements apply if it is intended to sow these cereals during the next winter season:

- DO NOT apply Apparent Imazing Herbicide later than the end of August (no later than the end of July in WA).
- DO NOT use Apparent Imazing Herbicide in areas where rainfall from spraying to sowing of cereals is
 expected to be below 150 mm (for 300 375 mL/ha use), 200 mm (for up to 500 mL/ha use) and 250 mm
 (for 600 750 mL/ha use).
- DO NOT use above 375 mL/ha in the Lower Great Southern region of Western Australia.

For all situations, if expected rainfall is not received following use of Apparent Imazing Herbicide, consult your local AIRR Apparent representative before planting non-imidazolinone-tolerant cereals. In calculating rainfall actually received, place greater emphasis on rain received from application up to the end of spring and lesser emphasis on break rains. If single isolated heavy summer and autumn falls and break rains are required to achieve rainfall targets, it may not be safe to sow non-imidazolinone-tolerant cereals within 10 months of application. Consult your local AIRR Apparent representative for advice.

SAFETY DIRECTIONS

Will irritate the eyes and skin. Avoid contact with eyes and skin. When opening the containers and preparing product for use, wear cotton overalls buttoned to the neck and wrist (or equivalent clothing) and a washable hat and elbow-length chemical resistant gloves. Wash hands after use. After each day's use, wash gloves and contaminated clothing. When tank mixing with other products consult also the safety directions for those products.

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PRECAUTIONS

RE-ENTRY DO NOT re-enter treated areas until spray has dried. If re-entry is necessary wear cotton overalls buttoned to the neck and wrist (or equivalent clothing) and chemical resistant gloves.

PROTECTION OF CROPS, NATIVE AND OTHER NON-TARGET PLANTS

DO NOT apply under weather conditions, or from spraying equipment, that may cause spray to drift onto nearby susceptible plants/crops, cropping lands or pastures. DO NOT spray within 50 m of wetlands or waterways.

PROTECTION TO LIVESTOCK

Apparent Imazing Herbicide is of low hazard to bees.

PROTECTION OF WILDLIFE, FISH, CRUSTACEANS AND ENVIRONMENT

Very toxic to aquatic life. DO NOT contaminate wetlands or watercourses with this product or used containers.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Keep out of reach of children. Store in the closed, original container in a dry, cool well ventilated area. DO NOT store for prolonged periods in direct sunlight. Triple rinse containers before disposal. Add rinsings to spray tank. DO NOT dispose of undiluted chemicals on-site. If recycling, replace cap and return clean containers to recycler or designated collection point. If not recycling, break, crush, or puncture and deliver empty packaging to an approved waste management facility. If an approved waste management facility is not available, bury the containers below 500mm in a disposal pit specifically marked and set up for this purpose clear of waterways, desirable vegetation and tree roots, in compliance with relevant Local, State or Territory government regulations. DO NOT burn empty containers or product.

(110L &1000L) Keep out of reach of children. Store in the closed, original container in a cool, well-ventilated area. DO NOT store for prolonged periods in direct sunlight. Empty contents fully into application equipment. Close all valves and return to point of supply for refill or storage.

FIRST AID

If poisoning occurs, contact a doctor or Poisons Information Centre, Phone Australia 131126, New Zealand 0800 764 766.

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Additional information is listed in the Safety Data Sheet which can be obtained from the supplier.

CONDITIONS OF SALE: The use of Apparent Imazing being beyond the control of the manufacturer no warranty expressed or implied is given by AIRR Apparent Pty Ltd regarding its suitability, fitness or efficiency for any purpose for which it is used by the buyer, whether in accordance with the directions or not and AIRR Apparent Pty Ltd accepts with no responsibility for any consequences whatsoever resulting from the use of this product.

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