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	WEEDS LIST	
WEED (Common name)	(Scientific name)	
Amsinckia	Amsinckia spp.	
Ball Mustard	Neslia paniculata	
Canola (rapeseed)	Brassica napus	
Capeweed	Arctotheca calendula	
Chamomile	Matricaria matricarioides	
Charlock	Sinapis arvensis	
Chickweed	Stellaria media	
Cleavers	Galium aparine	
Climbing Buckwheat	Fallopia convolvulus	
Common Cotula (Bird's Eye)	Cotula australis	
Common Peppercress	Lepidium africanum	
Common Sowthistle (Milk Thistle)	Sonchus oleraceus	
Corn Gromwell	Buglossoides arvense	
Crassula (Stonecrop)	Crassula spp.	
Deadnettle	Lamium amplexicaule	
Dense-flower Fumitory	Fumaria densiflora	
Dock	Rumex spp.	
Doublegee (Spiny Emex)	Emex australis	
Fat Hen	Chenopodium album	
Field Madder	Sherardia arvensis	
Fireweed	Senecio spp.	
Fumitory	Fumaria spp.	
Hexham Scent (King Island Melilot)	Melilotus indicus	
Horehound	Marubium vulgare	
Lesser Swinecress	Coronopus didymus	
Long Storksbill	Erodium botrys	
Marshmallow	Malva parviflora	
Mexican Poppy	Argemone ochroleuca	
Mintweed	Salvia reflexa	

	WEEDS LIST	
WEED (Common name)	(Scientific name)	
Mouse-eared Chickweed	Cerastium glomeratum	
New Zealand Spinach	Tetragonia tetragonoides	
Ox-tongue	Picris echioides	
Paterson's Curse (Salvation Jane)	Echium plantagineum	
Pheasants Eye (adonis)	Adonis dentatus	
Prickly Lettuce	Lactuca serriola	
Purple Calandrinia (Mountain Sorrel)	Calandrinia menziesii	
Rough Poppy	Papaver hybridum	
Saffron Thistle	Carthamus Ianatus	
Scarlet Pimpernel	Anagallis arvensis	
Shepherd's Purse	Capsella bursa-pastoris	
Skeleton Weed	Chondrilla juncea	
Sorrel	Rumex acetosella	
Speedwell	Veronica spp.	
Spoon Cudweed	Stuartina muelleri	
Three-horned Bedstraw	Galium tricornutum	
Toad Rush	Juncus bufonius	
Tree Hogweed	Polygonum patulum	
Turnip Weed	Rapistrum rugosum	
Variegated Thistle	Silybum marianum	
Vetch	Vicia sativa	
Volunteer Field Peas	Pisum sativum	
Volunteer Lupins	Lupinus angustifolius	
Ward's Weed	Carrichtera annua	
Wild Mustard	Sisymbrium spp.	
Wild Radish	Raphanus raphanistrum	
Wild Turnip	Brassica tournefortii	
Wireweed	Polygonum aviculare	

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

Restraints: DO NOT apply if crop or weeds are stressed due to dry or excessively moist conditions.

DO NOT apply to crops under stress due to disease or insect damage.

DO NOT apply to frost-affected crops or if frosts are imminent.

DO NOT apply if heavy rain is expected within 4 hours. DO NOT apply with crop oils (cereals only)

CROP	WEEDS CONTROLLED	WEED STAGE	RATE/ha	STATE
Wheat, barley, triticale, cereal rye (including undersown with clover and/or lucerne), and these cover crops in vineyards	Wild Radish	Up to 2 leaf stage and not more than 60 mm in diameter and where weed density is less than 50 plants/m ²	350 mL	WA only
	Wild Mustard, Wild Radish	Up to 4 leaf stage and not more than 120 mm in diameter	500 mL	ALL STATES
		Up to 6 leaf stage and not more than 150 mm in diameter	750 mL	
Pasture		Up to 8 leaf stage and not more than 180 mm in diameter	1.0 L	
Clover and/or lucerne- based	Canola (Rapeseed), Charlock, Turnip Weed, Wild Turnip	Up to 2 leaf stage and not more than 60 mm in diameter	500 mL	
pasture (newly	,	Up to 4 leaf stage and not more than	750 mL	_
sown or established) including cover	Shepherd's Purse	120 mm in diameter	1.0 L	
crops in vineyards	Capeweed	Up to 4 leaf stage and not more than 120 mm in diameter	500 mL	
		Up to 6 leaf stage and not more than 150 mm in diameter	750 mL	
		Up to 8 leaf stage and not more than 180 mm in diameter	1.0 L	
	Corn Gromwell	Up to 4 leaf stage	500 mL	
		Up to 6 leaf stage	750 mL	
	Climbing Buckwheat	Up to 2 leaf stage	500 mL	
		Up to 4 leaf stage	750 mL	
		Up to 6 leaf stage	1.0 L	
	Deadnettle, Paterson's Curse,	Up to 2 leaf stage	500 mL	
	(Salvation Jane), Rough Poppy Amsinckia	Up to 4 leaf stage	750 mL	
	Doublegee (Spiny Emex)	Up to 2 leaf stage	500 mL	QLD, NSW, ACT, VIC, TAS, WA only
		Up to 4 leaf stage	750 mL	ALL STATES
	Chamomile, Common Peppercress, Lesser Swinecress, Purple Calandrinia (Mountain Sorrel), Tree Hogweed	Up to 4 leaf stage	1.1 L	
	Fat Hen, Field Madder, Saffron Thistle, Variegated Thistle		1.0 L	
	Ox-tongue, Wireweed	Up to 2 leaf stage		
	Fireweed	Up to 4 leaf stage	500 mL	QLD, NSW, ACT, VIC, SA, WA, NT only
	Common Cotula (Bird's Eye),	Up to 4 leaf stage	560 mL	SA only
	Pheasants Eye (Adonis)	Greater than 4 leaf stage	1.1 L	7

CDITICAL	COMMENTS
UNITIOAL	COMMENTS

CROP STAGE:

Cereals

2 leaf to fully tillered (Zadok's Z12-29) Optimum results are achieved when sprayed at 4-8 weeks post-sowing.

Warning: Apparent Beamer Herbicide may cause transient crop vellowing of cereals. (Refer to "Crop Tolerance" section of General Instructions). Clover and lucerne

Application is recommended prior to the 8th trifoliate leaf stage. Application can be made from the 1st trifoliate leaf stage in QLD, NSW,ACT and VIC only. In other States applications prior to the 3 leaf stage may result in crop damage if seedlings are under stress and in sandy soils. DO NOT apply to annual medics.

Warning: Apparent Beamer Herbicide may affect growth and seed set of some varieties of clover and lucerne (Refer to "Crop Tolerance" section of General Instructions)

COVER CROPS IN VINEYARDS: When using in vineyard situations, apply during vine dormancy only. Contact with vines must be avoided. Particular care should be taken if applied in late autumn or early spring, when vines may not be fully dormant.

WEED STAGE: Apply from early post-emergence. APPLICATION: Apply when weeds are actively growing. Ensure thorough coverage of weeds. Where crop or weed density is high, increase

water volume. In most situations the rate specified for each weed size will give satisfactory control. However, under certain conditions such as:

- · high crop and weed density.
- late season germinations, abnormal weed growth (including early flowering); higher rates of product (up to the maximum rate of application specified for that weed) may be required.

Apparent Beamer Herbicide will not effectively control:

- regrowth of suppressed weeds.
- transplanted weeds.
- regrowth from rhizomes or roots.
- weeds growing under stress from previous herbicide applications,
- Radish plants beyond rosette stage.

WILD RADISH:

Effective residual activity of this product may be reduced where:

- rates lower than 1.0L/ha are used:
- dry conditions prevail;
- poor coverage of the soil surface is achieved:
- crop is grown in non-wetting sand:
- soils have a high content of clay or organic matter.

VOLUNTEER LUPINS:

In some situations, the higher rate of 1.0L/ha may be required to effectively suppress volunteer lupins at the 4 leaf stage.

Apparent Beamer Herbicide will suppress seedling dock but will not suppress regrowth from transplanted roots.

		RATE/ha	STATE
Fumitory	2-6 leaf stage	350 + 200 mL/ha terbutryn (500 g/L)	WA only
Suppression of the Following Weeds			
		750 ml	All States
Dones none runnery			7111 014100
Chickweed Common Sowthistle (Milk	op to Trour stage		
Thistle), Dock# Hexham Scent (King			
Island Melilot), Prickly Lettuce, Scarlet			
		500 ml -1 0 l	
	Un to 5 leaf stage		1
	-1	000 1112	
Volunteer Field Peas		750 ml	1
Ward's Weed		101	1
	-1		
Mouse-eared Chickweed	Up to 2 leaf stage	1.0 L	NSW, ACT
Mexican Poppy			QLD only
Mintweed, Spoon Cudweed	Up to 4 leaf stage		NSW, ACT
New Zealand Spinach	Up to 2 leaf stage	750 mL	QLD only
Cleavers	Up to 1 whorl stage	1.0 L	SA only
Ball mustard	Up to 4 leaf stage]	
Horehound	Pre-emergence	1	
Marshmallow	Up to 2 leaf stage		
Wild Radish	Up to the 4 leaf stage and not more than 120 mm in diameter	350 mL plus 200 mL MCPA LVE (500 g/L)	WA only
	Up to the 6 leaf stage and not more than 150 mm in diameter	500 mL plus 200 mL MCPA LVE (500 g/L)	ALL STATES
	Up to the 8 leaf stage and not more than 180 mm in diameter	500 mL plus 400 mL MCPA LVE (500 g/L)	
	Dense-flower Furnitory Chickweed, Common Sowthistle (Milk Thistle), Dock# Hexham Scent (King Island Mellot), Prickly Lettuce, Scarlet Pimpernel, Skeldend Weed, Sorrel, Speedwell, Three-horned Bedstraw, Toad Rush Volunteer rlupins Crassula (Stonecrop) Long Storksbill Volunteer Field Peas Ward's Weed Vetch Mouse-eared Chickweed Mexican Poppy Mintweed, Spoon Cudweed New Zealand Spinach Cleavers Ball mustard Horehound	Chickweed, Common Sowthistle (Milk Thistle), Dock# Hexham Scent (King Island Melliot), Prickly Lettuce, Scarlet Pimpernel, Skeleton Weed, Sorret, Speedwell, Three-horned Bedstraw, Toad Rush Volunteer lupins Crassula (Stonecrop) Long Storksbill Up to 5 leaf stage Up to 5 node stage Ward's Weed Up to 5 leaf stage Vetch Up to 2 leaf stage Weed Up to 2 leaf stage Weican Poppy Mintweed, Spoon Cudweed Weixcan Poppy Mintweed, Spoon Cudweed Up to 4 leaf stage Weixcan Poppy Mintweed, Spoon Cudweed Up to 4 leaf stage Weixcan Poppy Wild Radish Up to 4 leaf stage Up to 2 leaf stage Up to 1 whort stage Up to 1 leaf stage and not more than 120 mm in diameter Up to 16 leaf stage and not more than 150 mm in diameter	Suppression of the Following Weeds Up to 2 leaf stage 750 mL

NOT TO BE USED FOR ANY PURPOSE OR IN ANY MANNER CONTRARY TO THIS LABEL UNLESS AUTHORISED UNDER APPROPRIATE LEGISLATION WITHHOLDING PERIODS:

Harvest: Cereals, Grapes – NOT REQUIRED WHEN USED AS DIRECTED
Grazing: Pasture, Cereals – DO NOT GRAZE OR CUT FOR STOCK FOOD WITHIN 8 WEEKS
AFTER APPLICATION

CRITICAL COMMENTS See previous page Refer also to all Critical Comments for cereals above. DO NOT use this tank-mix if cereals are undersown with lucerne or annual medics. DO NOT use this tank-mix in vineyards. Crop Stage Apparent Beamer Herbicide 350 mL + MCPA LVE 200 mL: Apply from 3 leaf to fully tillered (Zadok's Z13 to Z30). Apparent Beamer Herbicide 500 mL + MCPA LVE 200 mL: Apply from 3 leaf to fully tillered (Zadok's Z13 to Z30). Apparent Beamer Herbicide 500 mL + MCPA LVE 400 mL: Apply from 5 leaf stage to fully tillered (Zadok's Z15 to Z30). Optimum results are achieved when sprayed at 4-8 weeks post sowing.

Warning: Apparent Beamer Herbicide may cause transient crop yellowing of cereals. (Refer to "Crop Tolerance" section of General

Instructions).

Observe instructions also on MCPA LVE product label

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

This product is a post-emergence contact herbicide, which may provide residual control of Wild Radish up to 4 weeks after application. Apply Apparent Beamer Herbicide immediately after mixing. DO NDT allow to stand in the spray tank overnight. Optimum results will be obtained if good soil moisture exists at and after application and weeds are not stressed. Some pre-emergence herbicides, such as atrazine, can cause stress to certain crops resulting in an increase in crop damage when using this product. Crops which are particularly sensitive are lucerne and subtergrapes of lower.

RESISTANT WEEDS WARNING

GROUP 6 12 HERBICIDE

Apparent Beamer Herbicide is a member of the nitrile and pyridine carboxamide groups of herbicides. Apparent Beamer Herbicide is an inhibitor of photosynthesis at photosystem II and carotenoid biosynthesis. For weed resistance management, Apparent Beamer Herbicides is a Group 6, 12 herbicides. Some naturally occurring weed biotypes resistant to Apparent Beamer Herbicide and other Group 6, 12 herbicides may exist through normal genetic variability in any weed population. The resistant individuals can eventually dominate the weed population if these herbicides are used repeatedly. These resistant weeds will not be controlled by Apparent Beamer Herbicide or other Group 6, 12 herbicides. Since the occurrence of resistant weeds is difficult to detect prior to use. AIRR APPARENT PV Ltd accepts no liability for any losses that may

result from the failure of Apparent Beamer Herbicide to control resistant weeds.

TEMPERATURE WARNING

DO NOT apply Apparent Beamer Herbicide if frosts are imminent. Frost causes stress on crops and weeds and could result in increased crop effects and/or decreased weed control. To ensure good results Apparent Beamer Herbicide should only be applied once the weeds and crop are no longer under stress from the frost conditions. Avoid application when maximum daily temperatures above 20°C occur, or are likely to occur for a few days after application, as increased crop damage may result.

CROP TOLERANCE

Cereals

After application, some transient crop yellowing may occur. This usually appears as yellow or white banding on leaves. Provided the crop is not under stress from pre-emergent herbicide, root disease, insect damage, frost, dry or excessively moist conditions, the development of the crop and subsequent growth will be unaffected.

Lucerne

Warning: The tolerance of lucerne varieties to Apparent Beamer Herbicide can vary with rate of application, soil type, crop health, stage of growth and degree of moisture and temperature stress. Apparent Beamer Herbicide may result in transient crop yellowing and suppression of growth with a resultant initial reduction in dry matter. For this reason we recommend application prior to the 8 trifoliate leaf stage. However, under normal growing conditions, subsequent growth and seed yield should not be affected. Crop damage may be increased if rates higher than 500 mL/ha are used and in areas where spars overlapping has occurred.

Under normal growing conditions, the following luceme varieties have shown acceptable levels of foliage tolerance to Apparent Beamer Herbicide applied at 500 mL/ha: Hunter River, Nova and Dekalb 185. Varieties not listed should be tested before using Apparent Beamer Herbicide over large areas. Consult vour local AIRR APPARFNT representative for advice on specific varieties.

Subterranean clover

Warning: The tolerance of subterranean clover varieties to Apparent Beamer Herbicide can vary with rate of application, soil type, crop health, stage of growth and degree of moisture and temperature stress. Apparent Beamer Herbicide may result in transient crop yellowing and suppression of growth with an initial reduction in dry matter. For this reason we recommend application prior to the 8 trifoliate leaf stage. However, under normal growing conditions, subsequent growth and seed yield should not be affected. Crop damage may be increased if rates higher than 500 mL/ha are used and in areas where spray overlapping has occurred.

Under normal growing conditions, the following varieties have shown acceptable levels of foliage tolerance to Apparent Beamer Herbicide applied at 500 mL/ha:

Daliak, Dalkeith, Denmark, Goulburn, Karridale, Leura, Mt Barker, Nungarin, Rosedale, Seaton Park, Trikkala and Woogenellup.

The variety Junee has shown increased sensitivity to Apparent Beamer Herbicide so care should be taken if this variety is part of the pasture sward. The effects of Apparent Beamer Herbicide on subterranean clover seed yield have been tested on the following varieties. Under normal growing conditions they show acceptable levels of tolerance to Apparent Beamer Herbicide applied at 500 ml/ha. However, higher rates may reduce seed yield under conditions of low weed pressure: Denmark, Goulburn, Larissa, Nungarin, Seaton Park, Trikkala and Woogenellup. Varieties not listed should be tested before using Apparent Beamer Herbicide over large areas. Consult your local AIRR APPARENT representative for advice on Specific varieties.

Other Clovers

Warning: The tolerance of clover varieties to Apparent Beamer Herbicide can vary with rate of application, soil type, crop health, stage of growth and degree of moisture and temperature stress. Apparent Beamer Herbicide may result in transient or yellowing and suppression of growth with a resultant initial reduction in dry matter. For this reason we recommend application prior to the 8 trifoliate leaf stage. However, under normal growing conditions, subsequent growth and seed yield should not be affected. Crop damage may be increased if rates higher than 500mL/ha are used and in areas where spraw overlapping has occurred. The effect on seed vield of other clovers has not be determined.

The following varieties of clover have shown increased sensitivity to Apparent Beamer Herbicide: Big Bee, Sacromonte (Berseem), Haifa (White), Zulu (Arrowleaf), Kyambro, Lupers and Maral (Persian). Care should be exercised if these clovers are part of the pasture sward. Varieties not listed should be tested before using Apparent Beamer Herbicide over large areas. Consult your local AIRR APPARENT representative for advice on specific varieties. Subsequent Crops

To reduce effect on subsequent susceptible crops (e.g. canola), ensure thorough cultivation of soil prior to the sowing of these crops.

MIXING

To ensure even mixing, half fill the spray tank with clean water and add the required amount of product. Agitate thoroughly while carrying out spray operations. Reseal part-used container immediately after use.

APPLICATION

Boom Sprayer

A minimum of 50L water/ha should be used, however, for optimum results water rates of 70-100L/ha are recommended. Increase the water volume where weed intestation is heavy or the crop cover is dense. Complete coverage of weeds is essential. Higher water volumes (up to 100L/ha) will ensure faster activity of the product on the weeds but may increase the symptoms of crop damage.

The following settings are examples which will ensure excellent coverage of exposed weeds:

The following soldings are examples which will observe excellent coverage of exposed weeds.			
Water Rate	50L/ha	75L/ha	75L/ha
Nozzle	Hardi No. 10 or equivalent	Hardi No. 12 or equivalent	Hardi No. 14 or equivalent
Speed	10km/h	10km/h	12km/h
Pressure	240kPa (2.4 bar)	220kPa (2.2 bar)	210kPa (2.1 bar)

Controlled Droplet Application (CDA)

Insufficient information is available to recommend the application of this product by CDA

Warning: The rubber components present in some spraying units may be affected by exposure to the solvents in Apparent Beamer Herbicide. To reduce this risk it is recommended that the spray unit be thoroughly washed with a boom cleaner and fresh water after use.

AIRCRAFT

Insufficient information is available to recommend the application of this product by air.

COMPATIBILITY

The following herbicide products are physically compatible with Apparent Beamer Herbicide as two-way mixtures in the spray tank, but should only be used for the crops specified, and only when the crop is also specified on the label of the compatible product (See below for list of compatible inserticides):

Crop	Apparent Beamer Herbicide	Compatible Product
Wheat, triticale, cereal rye (including undersown)	Up to 750 mL/ha	Diclofop-methyl 500 g/L (barley also), Wildcat* 110 EC (wild oats only, high rate)
Wheat, barley, triticale, cereal rye (including undersown)	All rates	Broadstrike*
Wheat, barley, triticale, cereal rye (not undersown)	Up to 500 mL/ha	Metsulfuron-methyl 600 g/L, Chlorsulfuron 750 g/L, LVE MCPA (500 g/L product) (up to 500 mL/ha only)
	All rates	Amicide* 625, Eclipse*, Cadence* (up to 115 g only), Archer*
Wheat only (not undersown)		Matter*
Established lucerne only	Up to 750 mL/ha	Simazine (500 g/L product) (up to 1.25 L/ha only) and simazine (500 g/L)/ Nuquat (250 g/L) mixture
Newly sown and established lucerne and clover only	Up to 750 mL/ha	Targa*, Fusilade*, Buttress*
	Up to 1.0 L/ha	Broadstrike*

When mixing Apparent Beamer Herbicide with other herbicides, crop yellowing may be enhanced. When mixing with Diclofop-methyl or Wildcat* 110 EC, some reduction in the efficacy and speed of action of these products may occur. When mixing with Targa* or Fusitade* some reduction in the efficacy and speed of action of these products and Apparent Beamer Herbicide may occur.

In tank-mixtures with Lusta* or Fusilade*, rates of Apparent Beamer Herbicide higher than 500 mL/ha may cause significant crop damage.

If the crop is stressed, the application of the herbicide tank-mixtures may cause yield reduction.

When mixing with Cadence* a temporary wilting may be evident in some crops after application.

The mixture of Apparent Beamer Herbicide and simazine should be applied during winter to lucerne which is not actively growing. This mixture may result in an increased crop effect but this can be reduced if the lucerne is grazed or cut before spraying.

DO NOT mix Apparent Beamer Herbicide with Verdict*/Asset*.

Growers should seek advice before spraying recently released cereal varieties.

This product may be mixed in the spray tank with one of the following insecticides according to the directions for the insecticide product: Chlorpyrifos (500 g/L product), Decis Options*, dimethoate, Alphacypermethrin 100 EC, Fastac* Duo, Le-mat* 290 SL and Bifenthrin. Use the recommended rates for Apparent Beamer Herbicide and its tank-mix partner. Read the label of the tank-mix partner before mixing and using the tank mixture. If another herbicide is anolied as a tank mix, observe the plantback restrictions on that label.

Warning: DO NOT use crop oils with Apparent Beamer Herbicide or Apparent Beamer Herbicide tank mixtures in cereals.

As formulations of other manufacturers' products are beyond the control of AIRR APPARENT, all mixtures should be tested prior to mixing

commercial quantities.

PROTECTION OF CROPS, NATIVE AND OTHER NON-TARGET PLANTS

DO NOT apply under weather conditions, or from spraying equipment, that may cause spray to drift onto nearby susceptible plants/crops, cropping lands or pastures. Wash sprayer thoroughly after use.

PROTECTION OF WILDLIFE, FISH, CRUSTACEANS AND ENVIRONMENT

Dangerous to fish. DO NOT contaminate streams, rivers or watercourses with the chemical or used containers.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

This product must be stored in a locked room or place away from children, animals, food, feedstuffs, seed and fertilisers. Store in the closed, original container in a cool, well-ventilated area. Do not store for prolonged periods in direct sunlight. Store in the closed, original container in a cool, well-ventilated area. Do not store for prolonged periods in direct sunlight.

For non-refillable containers: Triple rinse containers before disposal. Add rinsings to spray tank. DO NOT dispose of undifuted chemicals on site. If recycling, replace cap and return clean containers to recycler or designated collection point. If not recycling, break, crush or puncture and deliver empty packaging to an approved waste management facility.

If an approved waste management facility is not available, bury the empty packaging 500 mm below the surface in a disposal pit specifically marked and set up for this purpose clear of waterways, desirable vegetation and tree roots in compliance with relevant Local, State or Territory government regulations. DO NOT burn empty containers or product.

For refillable containers: Empty contents fully into application equipment. Close all valves and return to point of supply for refill or storage.

SAFETY DIRECTIONS

Product is harmful if inhaled or swallowed. Will irritate eyes, nose, throat and skin. Avoid inhaling spray mist. When preparing spray wear elbowlength PVC gloves and face-shield. If product in eyes, wash it out immediately with water. After use and before eating, drinking or smoking, wash hands. arms and face thoroughly with soap and water. After each day's use wash gloves, face-shield and contaminated clothino.

FIRST AID

If poisoning occurs, contact a doctor or Poisons Information Centre. Phone Australia 131126; New Zealand 0800 764 766. If swallowed DO NOT induce vomiting, If in eyes, hold eyes open, flood with water for at least 15 minutes and see a doctor.

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Additional information is listed in the safety data sheet (SDS). A safety data sheet for Apparent Beamer Herbicide is available from AIRR APPARENT Ptv Ltd on request.

CONDITIONS OF SALE: AIRR APPARENT Pty Ltd shall not be liable for any loss injury damage or death whether consequential or otherwise whatsoever or howsoever arising whether through negligence or otherwise in connection with the sale supply use or application of this product. The supply of this product is on the express condition that the purchaser does not rely on AIRR APPARENT's skill or judgment in purchasing or using the same and every person dealing with this product does so at his own risk absolutely. No representative of AIRR APPARENT Pty Ltd has any authority to add to or alter these conditions.